



# **FY22 DXC Task Force on Climate-related Financial Disclosures (TCFD) Report**

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## Introduction

The impacts of climate change have emerged as a primary topic of interest for capital markets and global stakeholders alike. At DXC Technology, we recognize the need to measure, interpret and analyze climate risks and opportunities to inform our efforts to combat environmental degradation, both internally and for our customers. DXC is committed to reporting annually on our global greenhouse gas emissions footprint and the practices we have implemented to positively impact our operating environment. This report outlines DXC's analysis of climate risks and opportunities for our business and essential stakeholder groups, and it includes a discussion about climate-related governance, strategy, risk management, key performance indicators and targets. Our efforts are guided by the Task Force on Climate-related Financial Disclosures (TCFD) and other leading environmental, social and governance (ESG) frameworks, such as the Sustainability Accounting Standards Board (SASB) and CDP. DXC is committed to transparently disclosing data related to our ESG performance in alignment with these industry-recognized ESG frameworks and in adherence to their principles. For more information on DXC's practices, and our SASB, CDP and Global Reporting Initiative (GRI) reports, please see our [ESG website](#).

DXC's ESG strategy reflects our ongoing commitment to being a responsible corporate citizen. We are proud to be part of the global movement to minimize the impacts of climate change, and accordingly, have committed to set near-term emissions reduction targets in line with the Science Based Targets initiative by February 1, 2024. This commitment is shared by DXC's 130,000-plus colleagues in more than 70 countries, and is valued by our customers, including many of the world's largest enterprises.

Our resolve to achieve emissions reduction targets consistent with limiting global temperature increase to 1.5 degrees Celsius aligns with the ethos of the United Nations Sustainable Development Goals and the Paris Agreement to reduce greenhouse gas emissions, and it provides the foundation for sustainable, low-carbon and resilient development.

This report covers DXC's fiscal year ending March 31, 2022 (FY22 April 1, 2021 – March 31, 2022).

In our fiscal year ending March 31, 2019 (FY19), DXC set ambitious 3-year targets to reduce carbon emissions by 20%, reduce electricity 12%, pursue 30% of electricity from renewable sources and reduce water consumption by 15%. We far surpassed these goals by FY22 and have set new goals that will take us into FY25. Our FY25 goals are shown below, along with progress against our FY19 baseline.

	FY19 baseline	FY20	FY21	FY22	% reduction achieved	FY25 target against FY19 baseline
Scope 1 and 2 carbon emissions (tCO <sub>2</sub> e)	876,402	710,173	515,447	441,990	50%	55%
Electricity consumption (MWh)*	1,799,668	1,609,412	1,362,826	1,204,031	33%	35%
Renewable energy (MWh)*	523,603	508,542	454,961	422,393	35%**	N/A
Water (m <sup>3</sup> )	2,715,212	2,420,724	1,737,155	1,462,904	46%	N/A

\* Includes purchased and self-generated electricity

\*\* Renewable energy as a percentage of total electricity consumption

DXC will continually strive to minimize our impact on the environment and improve resource efficiency in the areas of energy consumption, data center management, travel and transportation, and supply chain management.

Our conservation efforts are supported in part by our shift to a virtual-first operating model, which enables our workforce to be largely remote and helps us reduce greenhouse gas emissions and overall energy consumption. While the virtual-first model mainly helps reduce the size of our office footprint, we are also pursuing efficiency programs for offices and data centers to reduce energy consumption. We have invested in ISO 50001 energy management system certifications at 22 data centers and ISO 14001 environmental management system certifications at 18 data centers to further support efficient management of facilities.

Our goals in support of carbon reduction extend to our relationships with our suppliers and their indirect suppliers. The DXC Responsible Supply Chain Principles establish our standards for conducting business. In all our procurement activities, we take into careful consideration a set of economic, process-driven and technical criteria as well as essential social, environmental and ethical responsibilities such as human rights, labor conditions, anticorruption concerns and environmental protection. Our goal is to work with our suppliers to ensure full compliance with these principles, as they in turn apply them to their own suppliers with whom they work to deliver goods and services for DXC.

DXC also partners with customers to help them achieve their own climate-related goals. In response to shifting customer demand, we offer a number of products and services that can have a significant impact on our customers' sustainability objectives, delivering climate-related benefits far greater than what we could achieve alone through our internal carbon-reduction efforts. Offerings such as DXC Modern Workplace, cloud migration services and data-driven sustainability services directly reduce carbon emissions for our customers.

Focusing on our customers, colleagues, partners and communities is critical to meeting our commitment to sustainable and responsible business practices that contribute to a better world.

## Governance

In 2021, DXC enhanced the governance of the ESG program to include a multitiered process involving the Board of Directors, the global leadership team (GLT), the ESG Executive Steering Committee and the ESG Working Group. Each of these governing bodies performs a critical role in ensuring our approach incorporates broad perspectives to address our stakeholder needs while delivering on our commitment to sustainable business.



### Board's Oversight of Climate-Related Risks and Opportunities

The Board of Directors provides oversight on DXC's ESG issues, including climate-related risks, opportunities and concerns, and ensures we have the governance, long-term strategy and processes to manage ESG outcomes that meet the needs of stakeholders.

Within the Board of Directors, the Nominating/Corporate Governance Committee has specific oversight of ESG and climate-related matters. The Nominating/Corporate Governance Committee charter, last updated in October 2021, outlines the oversight responsibility for ESG issues. The chief operating officer (COO), DXC's executive owner of ESG matters, updates the committee on ESG status at each committee meeting, which occurs quarterly, and provides an update to the full board annually. Materials shared during the Nominating/Corporate Governance Committee meeting are shared with members of the full board after each meeting.

The committee also provides guidance and input on corporate climate-related decisions. For example, the COO briefed the Nominating/Corporate Governance Committee on climate-related targets, including the intention to pursue science-based targets, to ensure alignment with corporate strategic and operational direction. The direction was discussed and subsequently agreed on, along with other climate-related targets. Progress toward these targets is reviewed with the committee annually and adjusted as business needs dictate.

## Management's Role in Assessing and Managing Climate-Related Risks and Opportunities

### Executive ESG Leadership/GLT

The president and chief executive officer (CEO) is the senior-most executive at DXC and the chair of the Board of Directors. The CEO drives the organization's overall business strategy, setting the tone and direction for all ESG matters, including climate-related objectives. The CEO is regularly briefed on ESG matters as they pertain to strategic objectives and decisions, and provides high-level direction to ensure alignment across the organization.

The CEO has delegated the execution of DXC's ESG program to the COO, who is responsible for overseeing initiatives, programs and policies related to the company's ESG and climate strategy. The COO influences related initiatives that have a significant impact on our overall carbon footprint, DXC's data center optimization program, shifting our colleagues to a largely virtual business model, and advancing our circular economy engagement through optimization of IT asset refurbishment and recycling programs. Together, these programs will reduce DXC's greenhouse gas emissions, overall energy consumption, and dependence on daily work commutes and business travel.

DXC's GLT, which comprises members of the C-suite and regional business executives, ensures ESG outcomes are aligned with stakeholder needs. The GLT is updated regularly on the broad ESG issues affecting the business. They provide input on the long-term strategy and drive initiatives in the various business areas they oversee.

### ESG Executive Steering Committee

DXC's ESG Executive Steering Committee is the primary governance body guiding DXC's cross-functional ESG strategy. Committee members include the COO, executive vice president and chief human resources officer, executive vice president and chief financial officer, executive vice president and general counsel, executive vice president of strategy, senior vice president and global head of Corporate Legal, senior vice president and chief information officer, vice president of Investor Relations, vice president of ESG, as well as regional presidents and service offering presidents. The majority of the members of the ESG Executive Steering Committee report directly to the CEO. The committee meets quarterly to discuss ESG commitments, strategy and goals.

Responsibilities include:

- Supporting DXC's ongoing commitment to ESG matters
- Promoting ESG program alignment with business processes and decisions
- Guiding the development of ESG program strategy and goals
- Monitoring and anticipating evolving ESG requirements and appropriate responses
- Providing disclosure guidance

The vice president of ESG reports directly to the COO and coordinates with leaders across the business to implement the global ESG program, including climate-related strategy. The vice president of ESG is responsible for developing ESG program strategy, ESG disclosures and reporting, carbon accounting, forecasting and scenario analysis, reviewing and assessing DXC's ESG performance, managing ESG risks and opportunities, establishing targets, and executing programs, all of which include climate-related matters and performance.

Key climate-related executive partners include the vice president of Facilities Management, who reports directly to the CFO, and the global data center operations and strategy leader, who reports through the delivery chain of command. The vice president of Facilities Management oversees strategy and daily execution of real estate lease, utility consumption and capital improvement decisions related to DXC's global facilities footprint. The global data center operations and strategy leader oversees strategy and daily execution of data center operations decisions, including infrastructure efficiency decisions for DXC's global data centers. These leaders, in partnership with the vice president of ESG, collectively develop and

implement carbon emissions management strategies affecting DXC's largest source of climate-related impacts: the carbon footprint of facilities and data centers.

### **ESG Working Group**

The ESG Working Group includes senior leaders from Human Resources, Real Estate, Ethics and Compliance, Investor Relations, Supply Chain, Marketing and Communications, Legal, Finance, Operations, Information Security and Data Privacy. The group has the following responsibilities:

- Implementing the ESG strategy
- Leading functional actions to achieve ESG goals
- Highlighting issues and decisions affecting ESG goals and objectives
- Providing input on ESG strategy, goals and reporting requirements

## Strategy

As a global IT services leader, DXC has both an opportunity and a duty to provide our customers, colleagues and communities with solutions that address the global climate crisis. We are stewards of the world we live in and strive to create a livable legacy for generations to come. We see technology as a tool for enabling the lasting change and radical transformation needed to create a climate-secure future. Our environmental strategy focuses first on reducing emissions related to our operations, second on reducing emissions related to the services we provide, and third on helping our customers reduce their emissions.

## Climate-Related Risks, Opportunities and Time Horizons

As context to our identified risks and opportunities, DXC's Scope 1, 2 and 3 emissions consist of office, data center, business travel and fleet vehicle activities. This limited nature provides fewer opportunities for climate-related impact than can be attained through management of Scope 3 emissions and development of products and services that help customers reduce their own emissions. The following risks and opportunities have been identified with this in mind.

	Risks	Opportunities
Short-term 0 – 2 years	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Inability to comply with fast-moving regulatory requirements could lead to RFP disqualification and loss of sales as well as unfavorable operating cost impacts.</li> <li>Increasing temperatures resulting from global warming could lead to increasing energy costs and unfavorable operating cost impacts, as well as extreme weather events that could cause loss of power to data centers and service disruptions, resulting in contractual fines or loss of business.</li> </ol>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Our virtual-first business model offers the opportunity to significantly downsize physical facilities and reduce our carbon impact.</li> <li>Optimizing our data centers and shifting workloads to the cloud can reduce our carbon impact and water usage.</li> <li>Expanding Scope 3 emissions management to our supply chain will give us better line of sight to the full carbon footprint of our operations and provide additional opportunities to reduce climate-related impacts.</li> </ol>
Medium-term 2 – 5 years	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Introduction of a carbon tax in jurisdictions where DXC operates would result in unfavorable operating cost impacts.</li> <li>Inability to achieve climate-related expectations could result in undesirable investor actions, customer retention and attraction issues, or talent retention and attraction issues.</li> <li>We may experience loss of market share if we are unable to provide competitive products and services that incorporate climate-change mitigations.</li> </ol>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Continued development and expansion of climate-related offerings to help customers achieve climate-related objectives.</li> </ol>
Long-term 5 – 15 years	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>If we are unable to achieve and sustain a carbon-neutral business model in a meaningful time frame, we could lose stakeholder confidence, resulting in loss of business and access to financial markets.</li> </ol>	

### Risks

#### 1. Inability to comply with fast-moving regulatory requirements could lead to RFP disqualification and loss of sales as well as unfavorable operating cost impacts. (short-term, transition risk)

As the regulatory environment for climate-related issues broadens, transition risks such as noncompliance with regulatory mechanisms could become more significant for DXC. For example, DXC operates in nearly 20 EU countries, where operations are subject to the EU Energy Efficiency Directive (EED). While noncompliance brings immaterial financial penalties (estimated at \$60,000 per country), the greater risk is the potential for exclusion from government tender opportunities in the country of noncompliance. While the risk is most significant in Europe, the country-specific nature of regulatory risk



helps to minimize the potential financial impact considerably. Should DXC find itself noncompliant within a country, the resulting impact would be limited to that country. Given the dispersion of our business, and the broad variations in regulatory requirements, we see exposure limited to the EU. We anticipate a maximum exposure of approximately \$200 million in revenue and approximately \$20 million in margin.

### Risk Management

To manage these risks to the business, DXC combines our energy efficiency, environmental management system, annual reporting and compliance activities into a comprehensive ESG program. DXC's risk management process includes monitoring and reporting on our carbon footprint and using that data to inform how we reduce our energy consumption — in line with global targets and in compliance with regulations.

Noncompliance is a consistent short-term risk, but managing it effectively through our program significantly reduces the residual risk to the business. The risk of new taxation cannot be alleviated, but the impact is managed through DXC's ongoing energy reduction initiatives. There are no current signals that a global price of carbon will manifest in the short term, but the risk is monitored and deemed to be an issue to address incrementally in the short term through emissions mitigation.

## 2. Increasing temperatures resulting from global warming could lead to increasing energy costs and unfavorable operating cost impacts, as well as extreme weather events that could cause loss of power to data centers and service disruptions, resulting in contractual fines or loss of business. (short-term, transition risk)

A changing climate brings the risk of increased property operating costs from energy consumption and the risk of disruption to DXC services as a result of extreme weather events. For example, longer periods of warming weather in specific regions can negatively affect the energy efficiency of offices and data centers. Higher temperatures require longer use of air conditioning and extra cooling in data centers to operate servers within required boundaries. DXC has offices and data centers around the world, including in areas that are experiencing extreme weather conditions, such as in Australia, parts of the United States, and Southeast Asia.

According to the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA), a 1-degree Celsius increase in temperature during cold weather (below 50°F/10°C) decreases electricity use by 1% to 5%. In warm weather (above 68°F/20°C), the opposite is true: 1 degree of additional warming increases electricity use by 0% to 8%. A simple extrapolation of DXC's electricity costs against the maximum increase in electricity use of 8% suggests that DXC could experience an increase in electricity costs of \$7.2 million based on FY22 electricity expenditures.

Increases in extreme weather can also bring disruption to DXC services. Extreme weather can include prolonged periods of drought followed by heavy storms and rainfall, which can cause significant damage to building assets and power supplies and disrupt services. Disruption of data center and consultancy services could lead to contractual breaches and fines. Likewise, consulting staff could be affected by travel constraints or power shortages. These could in turn have an impact on our relationships with customers in the regions affected.

### Risk Management

DXC's energy efficiency strategy consists of multiple programs:

- **Facility rationalization:** Adopting a virtual-first business model allows DXC to reduce physical space, reducing consumption of electricity. DXC's facility rationalization is a no- to low-cost method of significantly reducing energy consumption. Since FY19, DXC has reduced facility square footage by 34% and electricity consumption by 33%.
- **Facility efficiency:** DXC implements facility efficiency improvements each year, reducing consumption of electricity. DXC continually reviews opportunities to improve facility efficiency. In FY22, 12 initiatives were implemented for a total cost of \$27,000. These initiatives included lighting, HVAC and data center equipment improvements.
- **ISO 50001 energy program:** DXC has ISO 50001 certifications for multiple strategic global data centers. This helps us manage the efficiency of our data centers and mitigate spikes in energy consumption that could occur from extra cooling requirements at certain times of the year.

The combined impact of these programs will contribute significantly to DXC's ability to meet our carbon emissions reduction targets for FY25.

DXC also has a global greenhouse gas emissions measurement program for measuring and managing the material emissions impacts of DXC operations. This program, along with facility energy efficiency measures, informs the company's longer-term carbon reduction strategy.

DXC has achieved a 50% reduction in FY22 Scope 1 and 2 emissions against an FY19 baseline and has committed to set near-term company-wide emissions reduction targets in line with the Science Based Targets initiative.

### 3. Introduction of a carbon tax in jurisdictions where DXC operates would result in unfavorable operating cost impacts. (medium-term, transition risk)

A carbon price, or increased pricing of GHG emissions, is a policy instrument proposed by regulatory bodies to help reduce global climate change. It is a cost applied to carbon pollution to encourage polluters to reduce the amount of greenhouse gases they emit into the atmosphere. It takes the form of either a carbon tax or a requirement to purchase permits to emit, generally known as carbon emissions trading, but also called allowances. A global cost of carbon has been debated for the past 10 years. According to the International Monetary Fund (IMF), more than 60 carbon tax and emissions trading programs are in place at regional, national and subnational levels, signaling the momentum for more widespread carbon taxation. A 2021 proposal from the IMF outlined recommendations for an international carbon price floor (ICPF) for large emitters, arguing that an ICPF could jump-start emissions reductions. In the proposal, the IMF suggested an ICPF as high as \$75 per tCO<sub>2</sub>e. The continued momentum on environmental action and the climate change debate increases the likelihood of country level legislation on carbon taxation in the next 3-5 years.

#### Risk Management

DXC analyzes global greenhouse gas emissions annually to inform the carbon reduction strategy. This activity identifies year-on-year emissions and helps DXC prepare for shifts and changes to the regulatory framework.

DXC's energy efficiency strategy consists of multiple programs:

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DXC has achieved a 50% reduction in FY22 Scope 1 and 2 carbon emissions against an FY19 baseline and has committed to set near-term company-wide emissions reduction targets in line with the Science Based Targets initiative.

#### **4. Inability to achieve climate-related expectations could result in undesirable investor actions, customer retention and attraction issues, or talent retention and attraction issues. (medium-term, transition risk)**

As climate change impacts increasingly become an area of concern for communities across the globe, sovereign nations and intergovernmental organizations are working to make legislative progress on climate regulations. The market dynamics associated with climate change can affect a variety of stakeholders, such as institutional investors, customers, and current or future staff. Awareness of climate change varies considerably within each group of stakeholders. Therefore, the risk associated with each stakeholder also varies considerably.

Climate change affects our stakeholders in different ways:

- **Colleagues:** DXC's positive ESG reputation is likely to impact the decisions of future talent to join DXC. It is also likely to influence our ability to retain top talent through our processes to engage our colleagues and enable them to reduce their individual footprints via remote work plans.
- **Customers:** With new regulations pushing energy efficiency and carbon measurements in corporations, our customers are requiring strong ESG practices and performance from product and service providers to inform and supplement their own ESG reporting. As regulatory requirements increase, customers will likely seek added value in the services we offer to help them monitor or reduce carbon emissions. They will also seek to be affiliated with DXC's impressive history of emissions reduction and our progressive commitment to setting near-term emissions reduction targets in line with the Science Based Targets initiative.
- **Investors:** Institutional investors are increasingly recognizing the risk of climate change in their portfolio decisions. Accordingly, they are driving adoption of disclosure frameworks such as SASB and TCFD to be able to understand how to measure and plan for climate risk.
- **Communities:** Increasingly, corporations are viewed as stewards of the communities in which they operate. Visible climate-related leadership can provide a lasting boost to corporate reputation.

These stakeholders are all on a journey, with some further along than others.

#### **Risk Management**

The risks of not acting are loss of market share, loss of investment in the long term and loss of a talent pool for the future. However, we have taken steps to strengthen our ESG framework to guard against this risk. We recognize the change in market dynamics across the different stakeholders and are adapting to it in our reporting approaches and sustainability program so that we can meet market expectations.

We are investing in emissions reduction and renewable energy to lay the groundwork for achieving long-term climate-related objectives. We are also beginning to engage our supply chain in reporting Scope 3 emissions to gain better visibility into other actions we can take. By acting now, we can achieve aggressive long-term goals and prevent negative market outcomes.

At the same time, we are investing in customer-facing capabilities, as discussed in this report, to enhance our ability to support increasing demand in sustainability solutions. Through ongoing customer collaborations, we are continuing to mature and refine solutions to meet unique customer needs. These actions will in turn give investors confidence that we are part of the solution in transitioning to a low-carbon future.

#### **5. We may experience loss of market share if we are unable to provide competitive products and services that incorporate climate-change mitigations. (medium-term, transition risk)**

Climate-related products and services are advancing rapidly in the IT services sector. Companies in this sector are in a unique position to develop tools and services that enable significant improvements in how other sectors manage their carbon impact. Artificial intelligence and data-driven analytics are becoming more conventional solutions for managing climate-impacting processes. As momentum in these areas increases, awareness of their impact is becoming more mainstream. DXC has many offerings in these areas today, but the speed of change in a competitive market is a constant challenge.

## Risk Management

Through ongoing engagement with our largest customers, we are able to aggregate and evaluate important climate-related trends, customer demands and shifts in end-user priorities. We use this insight to continually assess our offerings and services against market needs and adjust accordingly. In many cases, we offer custom solutions to suit unique customer needs and are able to leverage, translate and iterate solutions from customer to customer. This ability to look across the portfolio gives us a unique perspective and agility to respond to shifting climate-related needs and trends, enabling us to provide our customers with solutions that meet their climate-related requirements.

### **6. If we are unable to achieve and sustain a carbon-neutral business model in a meaningful time frame, we could lose stakeholder confidence, resulting in loss of business and access to financial markets. (long-term, transition risk)**

The pressure to achieve significant carbon-footprint reduction is increasing, and the risk of not achieving a carbon-neutral operating model in a meaningful time frame is very real. We realize that we must act now and throughout the long term to achieve and sustain a carbon-neutral operating model. This risk is complicated by whether global infrastructure will advance quickly enough to provide renewable energy at the pace required and at an affordable cost.

## Risk Management

We have made considerable progress in the past 3 years in reducing our carbon footprint, and this progress has resulted in a 50% reduction in emissions. Our continuing efforts to reduce our footprint and strengthen our ESG framework will help guard against this risk by giving us a clear line of sight to long-term ESG strategy, goals and performance. These measures, along with adoption of the SASB and TCFD frameworks, will ensure we're guided by industry best practices and materiality considerations to invest resources in the areas most impactful to our strategy. Furthermore, we have committed to set near-term emissions reductions targets in line with the Science Based Targets initiative, which will help us make progress in a meaningful time frame. Our continued integration of ESG priorities, including climate-related issues, into our corporate values, strategy and operating model will help institutionalize ESG considerations in all that we do.

## Opportunities

### **1. Our virtual-first business model offers the opportunity to significantly downsize physical facilities and reduce our carbon impact.**

DXC's virtual-first business model redefines where and how people work by engaging and inspiring them with best-of-breed technology. The model allows most DXC colleagues to work flexibly from anywhere by harnessing intelligent collaboration, which combines enterprise communication tools in a single interface to enable secure, integrated network infrastructures, with rapid deployment and scalability to fit business needs.

By allowing colleagues to work from anywhere, DXC can reduce unnecessary office space, in turn reducing DXC's energy consumption and related greenhouse gas emissions. Dependence on employees' daily work commutes and business travel will also be reduced in the short and medium term, further decreasing related emissions.

### **2. Optimizing our data centers and shifting workloads to the cloud can reduce our carbon impact and water usage.**

In FY22, data centers accounted for approximately 70% of DXC's Scope 1 and 2 carbon emissions, and as we decrease office space in our shift to a virtual-first business model, data centers will become an even greater source of carbon emissions. To address this, our data center optimization program seeks to implement site efficiency measures and consolidate workloads to reduce energy consumption and IT loads and improve utilization and efficiency.

To give context to this opportunity, since our baseline of FY19, we have achieved a 33% reduction in electricity use, exceeding our FY22 target of reducing energy consumption by 12% across our data

centers and global office portfolio. We expect continued reductions from our data center optimization program.

Managing the operational efficiency of our business assets is an important aspect of our environmental strategy. The opportunity that our energy efficiency management system brings us is substantial cost savings associated with energy spend, along with reductions to various taxation costs directly linked with energy consumption in different regions.

Improving the resilience of our business assets to acute climate risk, such as extreme weather events, also helps us improve our reputation with our customers by offering a secure service with lower risk of disruption. The extra resilience, along with potential bottom-line cost savings, gives DXC competitive advantage as a reliable supplier.

### **3. Expanding Scope 3 emissions management to our supply chain will give us better line of sight to the full carbon footprint of our operations and provide additional opportunities to reduce climate-related impacts.**

In FY22 we undertook a full Scope 3 carbon emissions inventory. Our findings revealed that emissions related to purchased goods and services and capital goods totaled 1,414,960 metric tons of CO<sub>2</sub>e — 320% of our combined Scope 1 and 2 emissions. This reaffirms the importance of managing the emissions of our suppliers for further emissions reduction impact.

Our strategic suppliers, representing about one-third of our third-party expenditures, have largely set aggressive climate-related targets and are making considerable progress toward reducing carbon emissions. Through partnerships with these suppliers and others, we can collectively identify pathways to accelerate the reduction of climate-induced risk across our supply chain.

### **4. Continued development and expansion of climate-related offerings to help customers achieve climate-related objectives.**

Customer demand is increasing for products that help monitor or reduce climate-related impacts. DXC has multiple offerings that can help customers with their carbon reduction objectives, as discussed in this report. Helping our customers reduce emissions increases their operational resilience while supporting their sustainability objectives.

## **Impact of Climate-Related Risks and Opportunities on Business Strategy**

DXC understands the impact we can have on our customers' environmental footprint. Our business model is driven by capabilities that customers consider to be critical to their own operations and ecosystems. That's why our environmental management plan aims to reduce not only DXC's operational impact, but also our customers' operational and supply chain impacts. Our commitment to help customers reduce greenhouse gas emissions will continue to evolve and advance with our continued investment in DXC Modern Workplace, Cloud Right™, IT estate modernization, and analytics and artificial intelligence solutions. Our ongoing investments in primary research and original perspectives on sustainability are intended to support our customers as they set their ESG strategies and design governance models to implement them.

### **Sustainable IT Services**

#### **Sustainability Consulting for IT Services**

DXC's Sustainability Consulting services are the leading edge of our engagement with customers to drive their sustainability goals. By working closely with customers on their unique ESG situations and challenges, DXC helps them gain insight and shape and orchestrate the delivery of solutions, managing change that integrates people, process and technology. These consulting services are categorized into three major domains:



## 1. Sustainability Data Strategy

In our experience, most customers have a high-level view of some key metrics (e.g., CO2 emissions) but not a detailed or holistic baseline that can drive a prioritized plan of action across the organization. This often means momentum is lost on ESG topics, beyond tactical steps such as moving to renewable energy providers. DXC's strong capabilities in data and insights enables us to help customers envision, define and implement a data strategy that directly supports their sustainability goals. Our data and analytics practice is expert at applying our Data Reference Architecture patterns and practices to rapidly identify, collect and integrate disparate or fragmentary ESG-related data and integrate it to enable effective decision making, which is critical to the success of sustainability programs.

## 2. Sustainable IT Transformation

With the global scale of our IT services, DXC has the experience and the data to establish evidence-based sustainable IT transformation roadmaps for our customers, from infrastructure to applications, from data and insights to business processes, whether on-premises, hybrid cloud or public cloud. Taking a data-driven approach, we use DXC's differentiating assets, such as our Cloud Right approach and DXC Modernization Studio, when we consult with our customers on developing and executing their sustainable IT transformation roadmaps.

Our proprietary customer IT Estate Map platform enables customers to plan business process and application modernization to focus on those business processes and applications that require high energy consumption, for example, or usage patterns that are better served by flexible cloud-based infrastructure with a significantly reduced footprint — physical, carbon and organizational.

## 3. ESG Business Services

Consulting services help our customers address significant market and business transformation opportunities by developing digitally enabled ESG business services at scale to create new forms of growth and differentiation. These new business services are increasingly platform-based, software-enabled, data-driven “cyber-physical” products.

Given the rapid evolution of the sustainability landscape, new business services need to be easily composable and quickly deployable. DXC specializes in digital ESG-related consulting services that help customers to shift their business models toward net zero and the circular economy. Our consulting services in this space combine our strength in data and analytics with our digital engineering capabilities and our strong partner ecosystem. For example, DXC has more than two decades of experience in industry-wide data collaboration initiatives, such as the International Material Data System (IMDS) for the automotive industry. We are uniquely positioned to help our customers address data challenges beyond their IT landscapes and throughout their supply chains, which lie at the core of the shift to sustainable business practices and circularity.

### DXC Modernization Studio

DXC Modernization Studio is a suite of tools that allow customers to quickly assess and plan the impacts of migrating and modernizing their IT estates. This includes a green benefits assessment, which quantifies the carbon footprint of their IT estates and potential benefits of transformation strategies. Based on a streamlined questionnaire, the tool assesses agility, governance, technology simplicity, business speed, estimated carbon reductions that could be achieved through modernization, organizational capacity for change, ease of integration and server overprovisioning. The tool offers insights to assist in developing a roadmap for modernization and carbon footprint reduction by easily identifying blockers, gaps and performance relative to industry benchmarks. The tool was developed in collaboration with Oxford environmental professors and industry financial leaders to ensure accurate and calibrated metrics. Its simplicity offers customers a quick and holistic way to assess their carbon footprints and size their roadmaps to accommodate their climate ambitions, affordability and organizational bandwidth.

## **DXC Modern Workplace**

Another way DXC is driving carbon savings for our customers — and ourselves — is through our performance-based device refresh solution. This solution provides our customers with bundled hardware, software and services. Through this model we can refresh devices “on condition,” which means we use modern device management techniques to determine the experience level the device is providing its owner. We do not refresh devices unless the level of experience dips below a pre-agreed threshold. By doing this we can extend the life of the average asset and quickly cull assets that do not meet users’ needs. Assets that are culled are resold or broken down to the element level and recycled. More than 80% of a device’s carbon footprint is in its manufacturing, so the fewer new devices a customer procures, the smaller their carbon footprint. DXC also uses proactive techniques for managing device energy consumption, including turning off devices when they’re not in use.

## **DXC Platform X**

DXC Platform X™ is a data-driven, intelligent automation platform that proactively helps detect, prevent and resolve issues to achieve resilient, self-healing IT. DXC is investing in and co-innovating with partners such as ServiceNow to develop innovative, future-ready solutions that enable DXC and our customers to meet sustainability objectives. DXC Platform X provides artificial intelligence–infused actionable insights that identify opportunities for more sustainable solutions and smarter environments to improve ESG performance. Opportunities include more energy-efficient infrastructure, server consolidation, application rationalization, streamlined data management, and migration to cloud to reduce greenhouse gas emissions and energy consumption. The platform has innovative features that decode our customers’ IT estates and resource consumption data in real time and unlock environmental insights. This is enabled by an intelligent document processing engine that reads and comprehends unstructured information from ESG documents to replace manual data entry and eliminate errors.

## **Cloud Right**

DXC offerings that drive sustainability objectives for our customers include cloud advisory, migration and managed cloud services. DXC helps enterprises modernize their IT estates to meet business demands with services for public, hybrid and multicloud environments. DXC partners with AWS, Microsoft Azure, Google Cloud and VMware for cloud infrastructure and with SAP and Red Hat for flexible service-based solutions. By collaborating with our partners to help our customers move from on-premises to cloud, we enable gains in energy efficiency, since less cooling is required for cloud solutions. Cloud also requires fewer servers, which allows for greater energy reduction. DXC’s cloud partners have all begun their decarbonization journeys. For example, Microsoft has committed to be carbon negative by 2030 and to support data centers with 100% renewable energy by 2025. This reduces customers’ direct emissions by transferring them to efficient partner data centers, enabling lower Scope 3 emissions. Analysis showed that the DXC Cloud Right approach has a major impact on supporting sustainability goals, reducing CO2 emissions by 37% compared to on-premises estates. By working with partners that offer decarbonization pathways, DXC provides additional value to customers beyond price reductions by aligning with their decarbonization goals and ensuring that the carbon reductions associated with DXC’s offerings and services are factored into decision making.

## **DXC Green Ops: ESG Data Intelligence and Reporting Management**

DXC is partnering with ServiceNow to develop and mature sustainability data management, reporting and disclosure capabilities based on ServiceNow’s ESG Management module. The solution comprises a suite of DXC future-ready apps built on DXC Platform X and tightly integrated with ServiceNow.

DXC’s innovative apps expand on the capabilities of ServiceNow’s ESG Management module to enable an automated, efficient process and enhanced customer experience for capturing, visualizing and publishing ESG data.

Our intimate knowledge of our customers’ IT-related data, gained from providing integrated support across their IT estates, enables us to aggregate knowledge and insights through ServiceNow to drive meaningful change and sustainability.

The solution enables customers to:

- Industrialize data capture and reporting for disclosures, rating agencies, ESG-related contractual obligations and other internal requirements
- Automate data collection to ensure data quality, integrity and consistency across the organization
- Integrate carbon accounting mechanics and structured data to enable reporting by company, business service and application
- Develop innovative data insight applications to help customers track progress toward their sustainability goals and easily spotlight opportunities for greater focus

This holistic, structured and integrated approach to ESG data and reporting management enables DXC and our customers to:

- Focus on strategy — remove administrative burden and focus on results
- Elevate quality — produce high-quality output with assurance of data integrity and audit readiness
- Enhance user experience — capture, visualize and use data for better decision making
- Simplify operations — drive efficiencies with a “capture once, report many” capability
- Increase agility — adapt and respond quickly to an evolving and increasingly regulated environment
- Transform sustainably — grow ESG solutions sustainably, using cloud solutions and shared service teams

By combining the strengths of the ServiceNow workflow, data architecture and data integration engine with the power of the DXC Platform X IT emissions data and metric visualization layer, the solution enables our customers to advance their sustainability agendas.

### **Digitalization of the Circular Economy**

DXC understands that the increased strain on our planet’s resources can be mitigated only by adopting the principles of the circular economy, particularly if these can be aligned with digital opportunities. Digitalization will accelerate the journey to the circular economy and will be fundamental in its realization. A shared digital infrastructure will exponentially accelerate digitalization, as such infrastructure offers far more value when shared than when used in isolation. DXC has initiated a partner-centric collaborative initiative to realize the shared digital infrastructure to become the digital backbone of the circular economy. For maximum impact, we design it to be politically, commercially and competitively neutral, while preserving the opportunity for innovation to differentiate digital solutions. DXC is currently focusing on establishing partnerships and collaboration to accelerate the digitalization of the circular economy, and thereby accelerate the achievement of climate goals through economically viable circular business models. Additional background is available in our [World Economic Forum](#) sponsored article.

### **Investing in the Sustainability of Our Direct Operations**

While we see reduction of customer-oriented carbon emissions as the most effective way DXC can address climate change, we are also addressing our own carbon footprint. DXC’s Scope 1 and 2 emissions footprint is composed primarily of office facilities and data centers, and we are constantly evaluating opportunities to improve our cost and operating efficiency.

We are motivated to reduce and optimize to the most efficient footprint to support our operations. Our innovative virtual-first business model enables the majority of our colleagues to work from anywhere, reducing commutes and business travel while enabling better work–life balance. We expect this model to have a significant impact on our facility footprint and continue to lower our carbon emissions in the coming years.

Our data centers are core to our strategy and comprise approximately 85% of our global electricity consumption. Our data center optimization program, currently underway, consists of a blend of energy



efficiency actions and consolidations to reduce our operating costs and carbon footprint without sacrificing operational performance and with no impact to customer service operations. We are taking the following measures to reduce greenhouse gas emissions in our data centers:

- Efficient management of cooling distribution required for large-scale IT operations in accordance with ASHRAE TC 9.9 Thermal Guidelines for Data Processing Environments
- Monitoring of trends in PUE (power usage effectiveness) across our global data center portfolio
- Partnering with third-party companies, such as utility suppliers and equipment manufacturers, that can help us reduce our emissions
- Monthly global reviews with data center management team and facilities management contractors to ensure best practices are used in energy and airflow management
- Strong internal governance of our own IT estate — enabling us to reduce our application and data center footprint and, consequently, reduce our IT-generated carbon emissions by over 50% since 2017, when DXC was formed

Together, the virtual-first program and the data center optimization program will yield long-term benefits that help us meet our climate-related objectives.

Our emissions reduction work also includes fleet vehicle improvements. Since FY19, DXC has reduced our vehicle fleet and miles traveled, contributing to an 88% reduction in fleet-related emissions. We aim to reduce our carbon footprint by providing lower-emission vehicles and electric vehicle options in FY23 and beyond. Approximately 5% of DXC's fleet comprises hybrid or fully electric vehicles, and plans are underway to increase that percentage in the coming years.

## Resilience of Our Strategy

In FY23, DXC conducted our first scenario analysis to evaluate the long-term impacts of physical and transition risks and opportunities related to climate change. Qualitative in nature, the analysis focused on a 2-degree-or-lower warming scenario, with a scope limited to DXC's U.S.-based data centers. Multiple horizons were examined, extending to 2025, 2030, and 2040.

We identified two key questions for the analysis:

- What are the key physical risks facing our U.S.-based data centers?
- What are the key transition risks facing our U.S.-based data centers?

To provide a broad range of considerations for both physical and transitional risks, we followed the TCFD guidance and selected scenarios providing coverage from 1.5-degree Celsius to 4-degree Celsius warming so we could investigate our risks and opportunities in different possible futures. Our scenarios included both physical and transition risks to enable a more complete picture of possible outcomes.

### Physical Risks

Two identified physical risk areas were direct damage to data center facilities and interruption of key supplies and personnel for data center operations.

Direct damage could result from extreme weather events such as hurricanes or floods. Our data centers are located away from coastal areas, in areas with historically low risk of floods and hurricanes; however, changing climate patterns may increase flood risk. Business impacts may include repair costs and service outages, in addition to costs for risk mitigation measures such as expanded flood defenses. Extreme weather events could damage infrastructure, preventing supplies or individuals from reaching the data centers. Chronic changes, such as droughts, could lead to reduced availability of water or rolling electrical blackouts due to stress on the grid.

A loss of water supply could increase fire risk and lead to data center outages from lost cooling. Without fuel, backup generators would shut down, and if a data center is running on these generators, as they would during an electricity outage, then there would be loss in service. During such a crisis, there would

be an additional risk of increased prices for fuel and water to maintain operations. And without key personnel, we'd have to shut down operations.

These risks are mitigated through extensive onsite storage tanks for fuel and water, contracts in place to guarantee supply of fuel during an emergency, and plans to pre-position fuel in the event of a disaster and deploy ride-out teams provided with onsite supplies.

Given our extensive data center risk management and planning for varied futures, there is an opportunity to win new business due to our operational resilience.

### **Transition Risks**

Transition risks identified for our business fall into several categories. Carbon taxes present a risk of increased cost for our electricity usage, either through the tax itself or through the forced move to renewable energy bought at a premium. This risk is particularly prevalent for our data centers, as they use the majority of DXC's purchased electricity.

Customer- or new policy-imposed requirements to accelerate our transition to net zero present a risk of increased costs with the purchase of renewable energy or increased capital expenditures to improve the efficiency of our hardware and buildings. This is especially costly for those with long service lives remaining, such as generators.

Enhanced data disclosure requirements, from customers or regulators, may involve purchasing additional software, as well as hiring additional personnel. To comply with new regulations, it may be necessary to pursue additional external certifications, in addition to meeting any new requirements for external audits.

Opportunities for DXC include a greening grid, an increase in demand for sustainable services that we can capitalize on, and support for efficiency projects that may help us lower our emissions and operating costs.

## Risk Management

### Process for Identifying Climate-Related Risks and Opportunities

Climate-related risks and opportunities are evaluated based on the current operational environment and anticipated future business changes. Climate change issues are identified from the UNFCCC reports and Sixth Assessment Report of the UN IPCC, which spotlight the current themes and emerging locational issues. These reports outline relevant climate-related risks and help DXC focus on the regions where these will have the greatest impact on the business and where the organization has the greatest potential to effect positive, lasting change in the fight against environmental degradation.

These resources are the foundation of DXC's ability to profile, analyze and manage risks, and to discover where regional opportunities exist for the organization, particularly in relation to our products and operations.

### Process for Managing Climate-Related Risks

DXC management owns and manages risk. The Enterprise Risk Committee (ERC) assists management in fulfilling its responsibilities for assessing, managing and monitoring enterprise risks, including climate-related risks. The ERC aids the Board of Directors in its oversight responsibilities with regard to the company's Enterprise Risk Management (ERM) program. Management and the ERC are responsible for assessing acceptable residual risk levels for key enterprise risks and whether additional actions are required, such as mitigation, transfer or acceptance of risk.

### Integration of Climate-Related Risks into Overall Risk Management

The ERM program was implemented to help DXC achieve our strategic objectives and overall operations goals by appropriately managing risk. The mission of the program is to establish and enforce risk management practices and processes that provide meaningful and actionable risk insights with a focus on managing risk, meeting regulatory expectations, optimizing decision making, improving planning and increasing the value of business operations. Climate-related risks are incorporated into the ERM process.

At least annually, DXC conducts an enterprise risk assessment to identify the key risks throughout the organization. Risks are captured through interviews, surveys, assessments and facilitated meetings. During this process, the most significant risks are identified and assessed, including climate-related risks. Risks are prioritized on the basis of qualitative and quantitative rating criteria and are then assessed to determine whether residual risk levels are considered acceptable. If risk mitigation is required, action plans are evaluated and steps are taken as needed.

Specific to climate-related risks, we define risk time horizons as follows:

- Short term: 0 – 2 years
- Medium term: 2 – 5 years
- Long term: 5 – 15 years

Current climate risk to the company is recognized in short-term, medium-term, and long-term time horizons.

## Metrics and Targets

### Metrics for Assessing Climate-Related Risks and Opportunities

DXC has reported greenhouse gas emissions and electricity consumption since the company's inception in 2017. These metrics continue to provide insight into the success of our energy efficiency programs and the impact we have on the environment.

#### FY22 Energy Consumption

	MWh from renewable sources	MWh from nonrenewable sources	Total (renewable and nonrenewable) MWh
Consumption of fuel (excluding feedstock)	0	72,575	72,575
Consumption of purchased or acquired electricity	421,331	781,638	1,202,969
Consumption of purchased or acquired steam	0	5,128	5,128
Consumption of purchased or acquired cooling	0	2,563	2,563
Consumption of self-generated non-fuel renewable energy	1,062	0	1,062
<b>Total energy consumption</b>	<b>422,393</b>	<b>861,904</b>	<b>1,284,297</b>

#### FY22 Renewable Energy

	MWh
Wind	266,618
Low-carbon energy mix	148,277
Hydropower	6,436
Solar	1,062
<b>Total renewable energy</b>	<b>422,393</b>

## Annual Greenhouse Gas Emissions (tCO<sub>2</sub>e)

		FY19	FY20	FY21	FY22
Scope 1 emissions (tCO <sub>2</sub> e)		70,222	41,423	33,707	27,241
Scope 2 emissions (tCO <sub>2</sub> e)	Location based	806,180	668,750	481,740	414,749
	Market based	609,839	490,530	347,174	329,488
Scope 3 emissions (tCO <sub>2</sub> e)		2,243,200	1,918,465	1,630,056	1,748,448
Purchased goods and services		1,128,211	1,114,832	962,440	904,008
Capital goods		668,633	456,766	381,942	510,952
Fuel-and-energy-related activities		183,634	111,027	115,131	147,330
Upstream transportation and distribution	Reported in Purchased goods and services and Capital goods				
Waste generated in operations		5,578	4,748	4,001	2,482
Business travel		106,331	70,116	2,349	5,127
Employee commuting		150,162	160,639	163,977	178,330
Upstream leased assets		651	337	216	219
Downstream transportation and distribution			Not material for DXC		
Processing of sold products			Not material for DXC		
Use of sold products			Not material for DXC		
End of life treatment of sold products			Not material for DXC		
Downstream leased assets			Not material for DXC		
Franchises			Not relevant for DXC		
Investments			Not relevant for DXC		
Other (upstream)			Not yet evaluated		
Other (downstream)			Not yet evaluated		
<b>Total emissions</b>		<b>3,119,602</b>	<b>2,628,638</b>	<b>2,145,503</b>	<b>2,190,438</b>

## Targets

	FY19 baseline	FY20	FY21	FY22	FY25 target
Scope 1 and 2 location-based carbon emissions (tCO <sub>2</sub> e)	876,402	710,173	515,447	441,990	394,381
Electricity consumption (MWh)	1,799,678	1,609,412	1,362,826	1,204,031	1,169,790

## Verification

DXC's greenhouse gas reporting is aligned to the requirements of the Greenhouse Gas Protocol and is externally assured in accordance with ISO 14064-3:2006. Limited Assurance has been provided by SGS for FY22 greenhouse gas emissions. In FY21, Limited Assurance was provided by Carbon Intelligence Energy Services Ltd in accordance with ISO 14064-3:2019. In FY19 and FY20, limited assurance of greenhouse gas emissions was provided by Lloyd's Register in accordance with ISO 14064-3:2006.

## Forward-Looking Statements

*All statements in this document that do not directly and exclusively relate to historical facts constitute "forward-looking statements." Forward-looking statements often include words such as "anticipates," "believes," "estimates," "expects," "forecast," "goal," "intends," "objective," "plans," "projects," "strategy," "target," and "will" and words and terms of similar substance in discussions of future operating or financial performance. Forward-looking statements include, among other things, statements with respect to our future financial condition, results of operations, cash flows, business strategies, operating efficiencies or synergies, divestitures, competitive position, growth opportunities, share repurchases, dividend payments, plans and objectives of management and other matters.*

*These statements represent current expectations and beliefs, and no assurance can be given that the results described in such statements will be achieved. Such statements are subject to numerous assumptions, risks, uncertainties and other factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from those described in such statements, many of which are outside of our control. Furthermore, many of these risks and uncertainties are currently amplified by and may continue to be amplified by or may, in the future, be amplified by, the coronavirus disease 2019 crisis and the impact of varying private and governmental responses that affect our customers, employees, vendors and the economies and communities where they operate. For a written description of these factors, see the section titled "Risk Factors" in DXC's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2022, and any updating information in subsequent SEC filings, including DXC's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended September 30, 2022.*

*No assurance can be given that any goal or plan set forth in any forward-looking statement can or will be achieved, and readers are cautioned not to place undue reliance on such statements which speak only as of the date they are made. We do not undertake any obligation to update or release any revisions to any forward-looking statement or to report any events or circumstances after this report is published or to reflect the occurrence of unanticipated events except as required by law.*



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### About DXC Technology

DXC Technology (NYSE: DXC) helps global companies run their mission-critical systems and operations while modernizing IT, optimizing data architectures, and ensuring security and scalability across public, private and hybrid clouds. The world's largest companies and public sector organizations trust DXC to deploy services to drive new levels of performance, competitiveness, and customer experience across their IT estates. Learn more about how we deliver excellence for our customers and colleagues at [DXC.com](https://www.dxc.com).

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